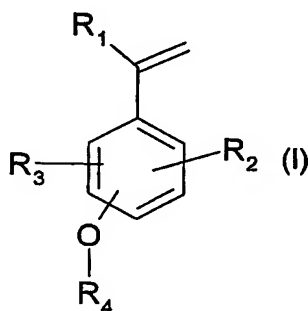


Claims

1. A process for the preparation of a narrow molecular weight distributed hydroxy-vinyl aromatic oligomer, cooligomer, polymer or copolymer with a polydispersity M_w/M_n between 1 and 2, which process comprises the steps reacting a composition of at least one monomer of formula I



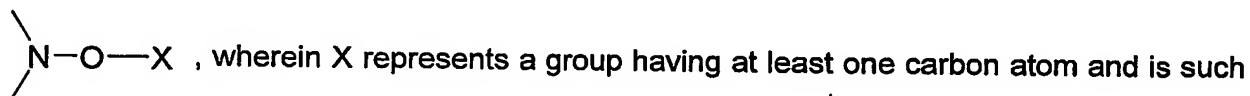
wherein

R_1 is H or CH_3 ;

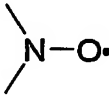
R_2 and R_3 are independently hydrogen, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, C_1 - C_8 alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_8 alkylthio, C_1 - C_8 dialkylamino, trihalogenmethyl;

R_4 is C_1 - C_{12} alkyl or benzyl which is unsubstituted or substituted with one or two C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, C_1 - C_8 alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_8 alkylthio, C_1 - C_8 dialkylamino, trihalogenmethyl, halogen; or R_4 is a group phenyl(methyl)CH-, (phenyl) $_2$ CH-, C_1 - C_{12} alkyl-O-C(O)-, phenyl-CH $_2$ -O-C(O)- or (phenyl) $_2$ CH-O-C(O)-;

a1) in the presence of at least one nitroxylether having the structural element



that the free radical $X\bullet$ derived from X is capable of initiating polymerization of ethylenically unsaturated monomers; or

a2) in the presence of at least one stable free nitroxyl radical  and a free radical initiator; or

a3) in the presence of a compound of formula (III) $\left[\text{In} \right]_p \left[\text{Hal} \right]_q$ (III) and a catalytically

effective amount

of an oxidizable transition metal complex catalyst, wherein

p represents a number greater than zero and defines the number of initiator fragments;

q represents a number greater than zero;

[In] represents a radically transferable atom or group capable of initiating polymerization and

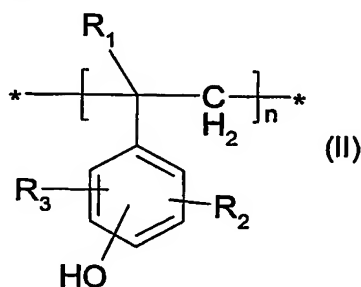
-[Hal] represents a leaving group; or

a4) in an anionic polymerization reaction in the presence of a metal or organo metal catalyst;

and optionally simultaneously or in a subsequent step with one or more ethylenically unsaturated monomers different from those of formula (I);

and

b) isolating the resulting polymer and subjecting it to a reaction with a halosilane giving a polymer with repeating units of formula II



and with a degree of OH-groups of between 10 mol % and 100 mol %, based on the molar amount of protected hydroxy-vinyl aromatic monomer of formula I.

2. A process according to claim 1 wherein halosilane is iodosilane.

3. A process according to claim 1 wherein the polymerization is carried out according to steps a1) or a2).

4. A process according to claim 1 wherein in formula I

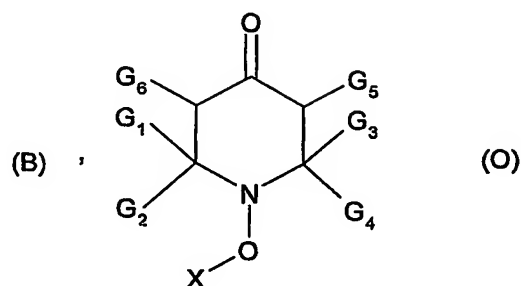
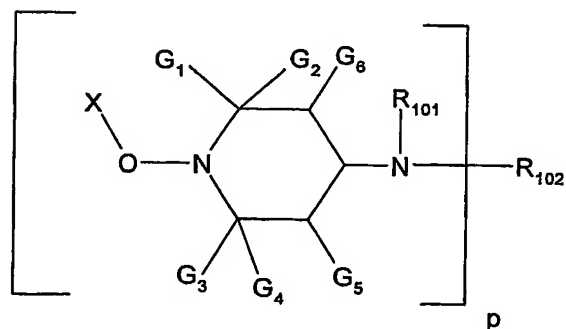
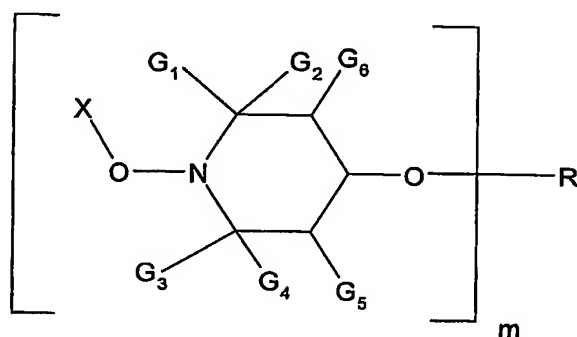
R₁ is H;

R₂ and R₃ are H;

OR₄ is in the 4-position and

R₄ is C₁-C₄alkyl, benzyl, C₁-C₄alkoxycarbonyl or benzyloxycarbonyl.

5. A process according to claim 1, wherein the nitroxylether in step a1) is of formula A, B or O,



wherein

m is 1,

R is hydrogen, C₁-C₁₈alkyl which is uninterrupted or interrupted by one or more oxygen atoms, cyanoethyl, benzoyl, glycidyl, a monovalent radical of an aliphatic carboxylic acid having 2 to 18 carbon atoms, of a cycloaliphatic carboxylic acid having 7 to 15 carbon atoms, or an α,β -unsaturated carboxylic acid having 3 to 5 carbon atoms or of an aromatic carboxylic acid having 7 to 15 carbon atoms;

p is 1;

R₁₀₁ is C₁-C₁₂alkyl, C₅-C₇cycloalkyl, C₇-C₈aralkyl, C₂-C₁₈alkanoyl, C₃-C₅alkenoyl or benzoyl;

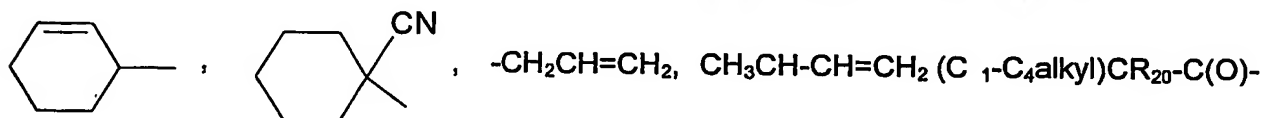
R_{102} is C_1 - C_{18} alkyl, C_5 - C_7 cycloalkyl, C_2 - C_8 alkenyl unsubstituted or substituted by a cyano, carbonyl or carbamide group, or is glycidyl, a group of the formula $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{OH})-\text{Z}$ or of the formula $-\text{CO}-\text{Z}$ or $-\text{CONH}-\text{Z}$ wherein Z is hydrogen, methyl or phenyl;

G_6 is hydrogen and G_5 is hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 alkyl,

G_1 and G_3 are methyl and G_2 and G_4 are ethyl or propyl or G_1 and G_2 are methyl and G_3 and G_4 are ethyl or propyl; and

X is selected from the group consisting of

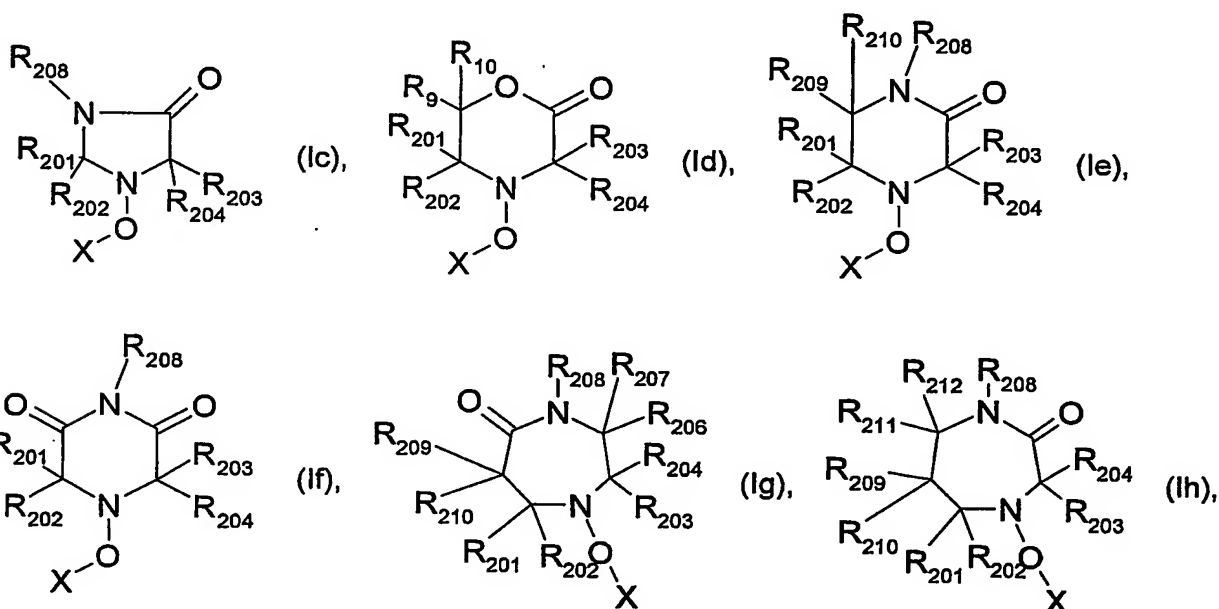
$-\text{CH}_2$ -phenyl, CH_3CH -phenyl, $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{C}$ -phenyl, $(\text{C}_5\text{-C}_6\text{cycloalkyl})_2\text{CCN}$, $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CCN}$,



phenyl, (C_1-C_4) alkyl- $\text{CR}_{20}-\text{C}(\text{O})-(C_1-C_4)$ alkoxy, (C_1-C_4) alkyl- $\text{CR}_{20}-\text{C}(\text{O})-(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_4) alkyl- $\text{CR}_{20}-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{N}-\text{di}(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_4) alkyl- $\text{CR}_{20}-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{NH}(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_4) alkyl- $\text{CR}_{20}-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{NH}_2$, wherein

R_{20} is hydrogen or (C_1-C_4) alkyl.

6. A process according to claim 1, wherein the nitroxylether of step a1) is of formula (lc), (ld), (le), (lf), (lg) or (lh)



wherein R_{201} , R_{202} , R_{203} and R_{204} independently of each other are C_1 - C_{18} alkyl, C_3 - C_{18} alkenyl, C_3 - C_{18} alkinyl, C_1 - C_{18} alkyl, C_3 - C_{18} alkenyl, C_3 - C_{18} alkinyl which are substituted by OH, halogen or a group $-\text{O}-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{R}_{205}$, C_2 - C_{18} alkyl which is interrupted by at least one O atom and/or NR_{205}

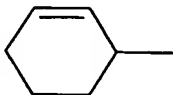
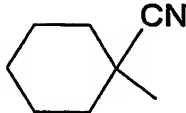
group, C₃-C₁₂cycloalkyl or C₆-C₁₀aryl or R₂₀₁ and R₂₀₂ and/or R₂₀₃ and R₂₀₄ together with the linking carbon atom form a C₃-C₁₂cycloalkyl radical;

R₂₀₅, R₂₀₆ and R₂₀₇ independently are hydrogen, C₁-C₁₈alkyl or C₆-C₁₀aryl;

R₂₀₈ is hydrogen, OH, C₁-C₁₈alkyl, C₃-C₁₈alkenyl, C₃-C₁₈alkynyl, C₁-C₁₈alkyl, C₃-C₁₈alkenyl, C₃-C₁₈alkynyl which are substituted by one or more OH, halogen or a group -O-C(O)-R₂₀₅, C₂-C₁₈alkyl which is interrupted by at least one O atom and/or NR₂₀₅ group, C₃-C₁₂cycloalkyl or C₆-C₁₀aryl, C₇-C₉phenylalkyl, C₅-C₁₀heteroaryl, -C(O)-C₁-C₁₈alkyl, -O-C₁-C₁₈alkyl or -COOC₁-C₁₈alkyl;

R₂₀₉, R₂₁₀, R₂₁₁ and R₂₁₂ are independently hydrogen, phenyl or C₁-C₁₈alkyl; and

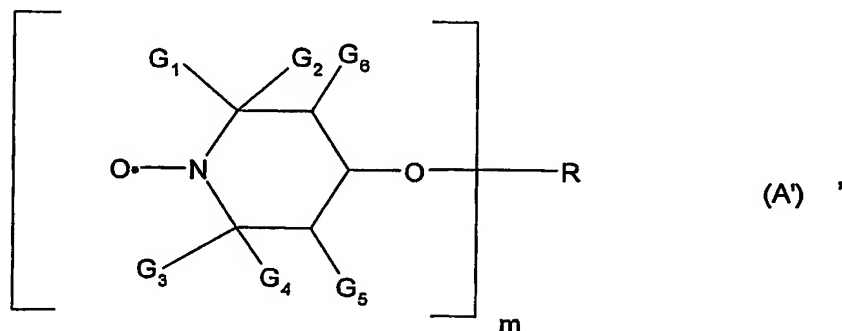
X is selected from the group consisting of -CH₂-phenyl, CH₃CH-phenyl, (CH₃)₂C-phenyl, (C₅-

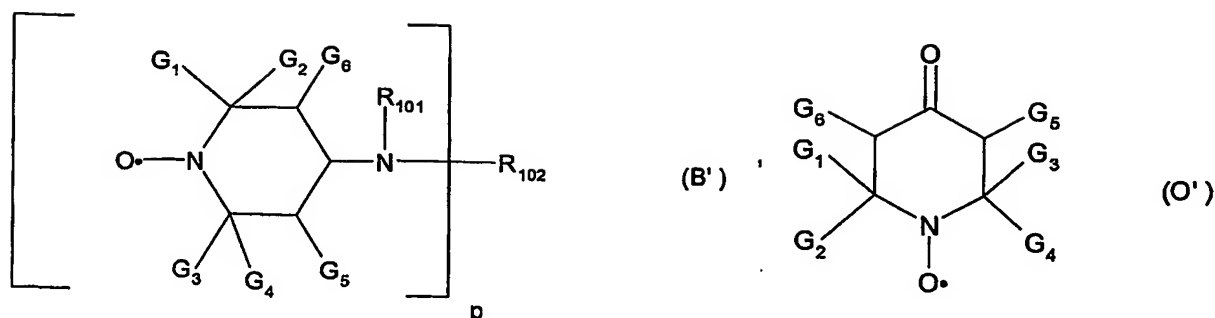
C₆cycloalkyl)₂CCN, (CH₃)₂CCN,  ,  , -CH₂CH=CH₂, CH₃CH-

CH=CH₂ (C₁-C₄alkyl)CR₂₀-C(O)-phenyl, (C₁-C₄)alkyl-CR₂₀-C(O)-(C₁-C₄)alkoxy, (C₁-C₄)alkyl-CR₂₀-C(O)-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, (C₁-C₄)alkyl-CR₂₀-C(O)-N-di(C₁-C₄)alkyl, (C₁-C₄)alkyl-CR₂₀-C(O)-NH(C₁-C₄)alkyl, (C₁-C₄)alkyl-CR₂₀-C(O)-NH₂, wherein

R₂₀ is hydrogen or (C₁-C₄)alkyl.

7. A process according to claim 1, wherein the nitroxyl radical of step a2) is of formula A', B' or O',





wherein

m is 1,

R is hydrogen, C₁-C₁₈alkyl which is uninterrupted or interrupted by one or more oxygen atoms, cyanoethyl, benzoyl, glycidyl, a monovalent radical of an aliphatic carboxylic acid having 2 to 18 carbon atoms, of a cycloaliphatic carboxylic acid having 7 to 15 carbon atoms, or an α,β -unsaturated carboxylic acid having 3 to 5 carbon atoms or of an aromatic carboxylic acid having 7 to 15 carbon atoms;

p is 1;

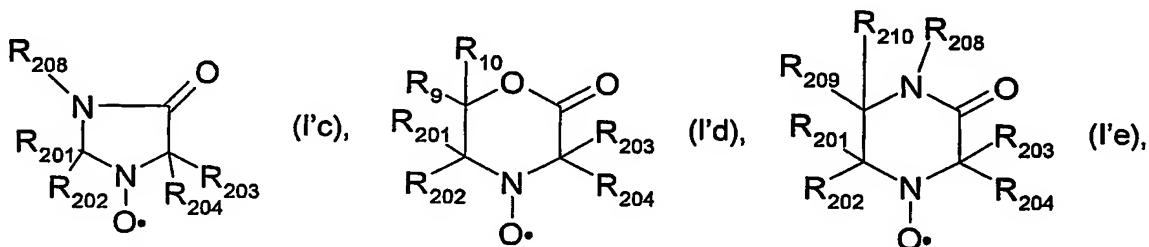
R₁₀₁ is C₁-C₁₂alkyl, C₅-C₇cycloalkyl, C₇-C₈aralkyl, C₂-C₁₈alkanoyl, C₃-C₅alkenoyl or benzoyl;

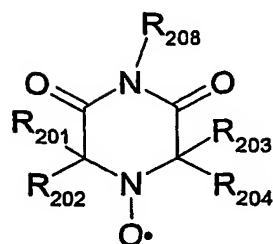
R₁₀₂ is C₁-C₁₈alkyl, C₅-C₇cycloalkyl, C₂-C₈alkenyl unsubstituted or substituted by a cyano, carbonyl or carbamide group, or is glycidyl, a group of the formula -CH₂CH(OH)-Z or of the formula -CO-Z or -CONH-Z wherein Z is hydrogen, methyl or phenyl;

G₆ is hydrogen and G₅ is hydrogen or C₁-C₄alkyl, and

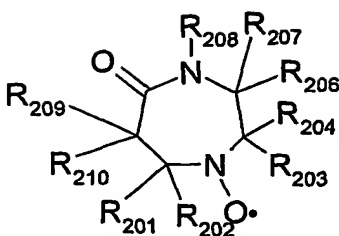
G₁ and G₃ are methyl and G₂ and G₄ are ethyl or propyl or G₁ and G₂ are methyl and G₃ and G₄ are ethyl or propyl.

8. A process according to claim 1, wherein the nitroxyl radical of step a2) is of formula (Ic'), (Id'), (Ie'), (If'), (Ig') or (Ih')

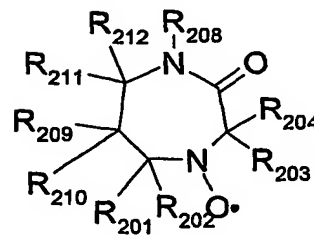




(I'f),



(I'g),



(I'h),

wherein R_{201} , R_{202} , R_{203} and R_{204} independently of each other are C_1 - C_{18} alkyl, C_3 - C_{18} alkenyl, C_3 - C_{18} alkynyl, C_1 - C_{18} alkyl, C_3 - C_{18} alkenyl, C_3 - C_{18} alkynyl which are substituted by OH, halogen or a group $-O-C(O)-R_{205}$, C_2 - C_{18} alkyl which is interrupted by at least one O atom and/or NR_{205} group, C_3 - C_{12} cycloalkyl or C_6 - C_{10} aryl or R_{201} and R_{202} and/or R_{203} and R_{204} together with the linking carbon atom form a C_3 - C_{12} cycloalkyl radical;

R_{205} , R_{206} and R_{207} independently are hydrogen, C_1 - C_{18} alkyl or C_6 - C_{10} aryl;

R_{208} is hydrogen, OH, C_1 - C_{18} alkyl, C_3 - C_{18} alkenyl, C_3 - C_{18} alkynyl, C_1 - C_{18} alkyl, C_3 - C_{18} alkenyl, C_3 - C_{18} alkynyl which are substituted by one or more OH, halogen or a group $-O-C(O)-R_{205}$, C_2 - C_{18} alkyl which is interrupted by at least one O atom and/or NR_{205} group, C_3 - C_{12} cycloalkyl or C_6 - C_{10} aryl, C_7 - C_9 phenylalkyl, C_5 - C_{10} heteroaryl, $-C(O)-C_1$ - C_{18} alkyl, $-O-C_1$ - C_{18} alkyl or $-COOC_1$ - C_{18} alkyl; and

R_{209} , R_{210} , R_{211} and R_{212} are independently hydrogen, phenyl or C_1 - C_{18} alkyl.

9. A process according to claim 1, wherein in step a3)

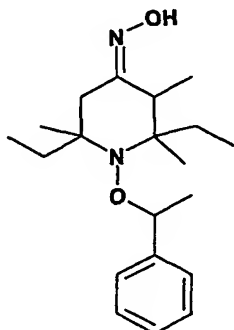
[In] represents the polymerization initiator fragment of a polymerization initiator of formula (III) capable of initiating polymerization of monomers or oligomers which polymerization initiator is selected from the group consisting of C_1 - C_8 -alkyl halides, C_6 - C_{15} -aralkylhalides, C_2 - C_8 -haloalkyl esters, arene sulfonyl chlorides, haloalkanenitriles, α -haloacrylates and halolactones,

p and q represent one and the other components are as defined in claim 1.

10. A process according to claim 1, wherein in step a3) the oxidizable transition metal in the transition metal complex salt is present as a transition metal complex ion in the lower oxidation state of a redox system.

11. A process according to claim 10, wherein the transition metal complex ion is a Cu(I) complex ion in the Cu(I)/Cu(II) system.

12. A process according to claim 1 wherein the nitroxyl ether of formula



is used in the polymerization step a1).

13. A process according to claim 1 wherein the optionally used additional ethylenically unsaturated monomer is selected from the group consisting of an acrylic acid ester, acrylamide, acrylnitrile, methacrylic acid ester, methacrylamide, methacrylnitrile and styrene.

14. A process according to claim 1 wherein the polymerization temperature in the steps a1), a2) or a3) is between 90° C and 150° C.

15. A process according to claim 1 wherein the hydroxy-vinyl aromatic oligomer, cooligomer, polymer or copolymer has a weight molecular weight average from 2000 to 30 000 Daltons.

16. A process according to claim 1 wherein the iodosilane reagent of step b) is $R_{13}R_{14}R_{15}SiI$, wherein R_{13} , R_{14} and R_{15} are independently C_1 - C_8 alkyl, chloromethyl, vinyl or phenyl.

17. A process according to claim 1 wherein the reaction with a halosilane reagent is carried out using a chlorosilane reagent from $R_{13}R_{14}R_{15}SiCl$ wherein R_{13} , R_{14} and R_{15} are independently C_1 - C_8 alkyl, chloromethyl, vinyl or phenyl in the presence of a halide salt and/or thiol, wherein the halide salt is selected from the group consisting of alkaline metal halide, alkaline-earth metal halide, ammonium halide or phosphonium halide.

18. A formulated photoresist prepared from a polymer obtainable by a process according to claim 1.